

Project #1: NAND Simulator

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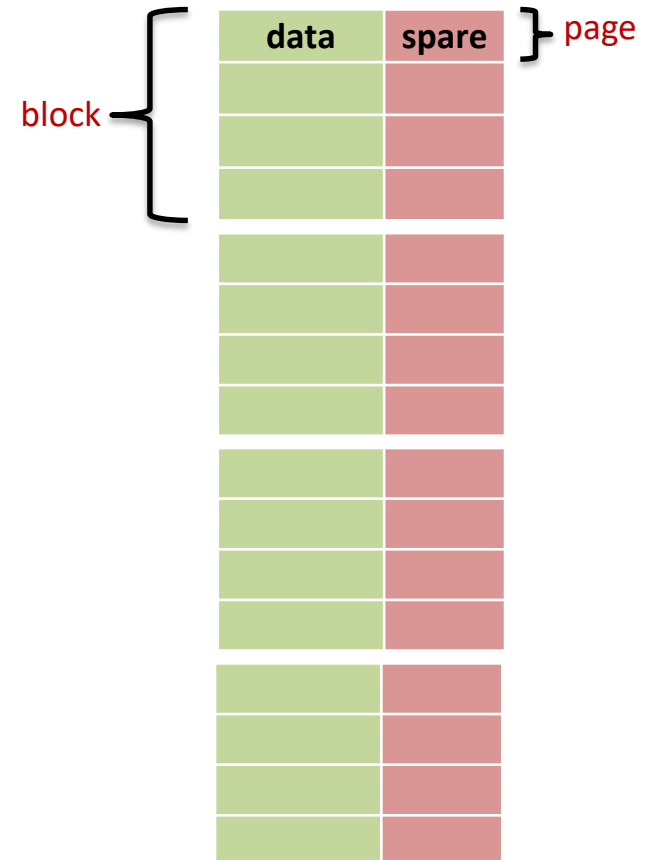
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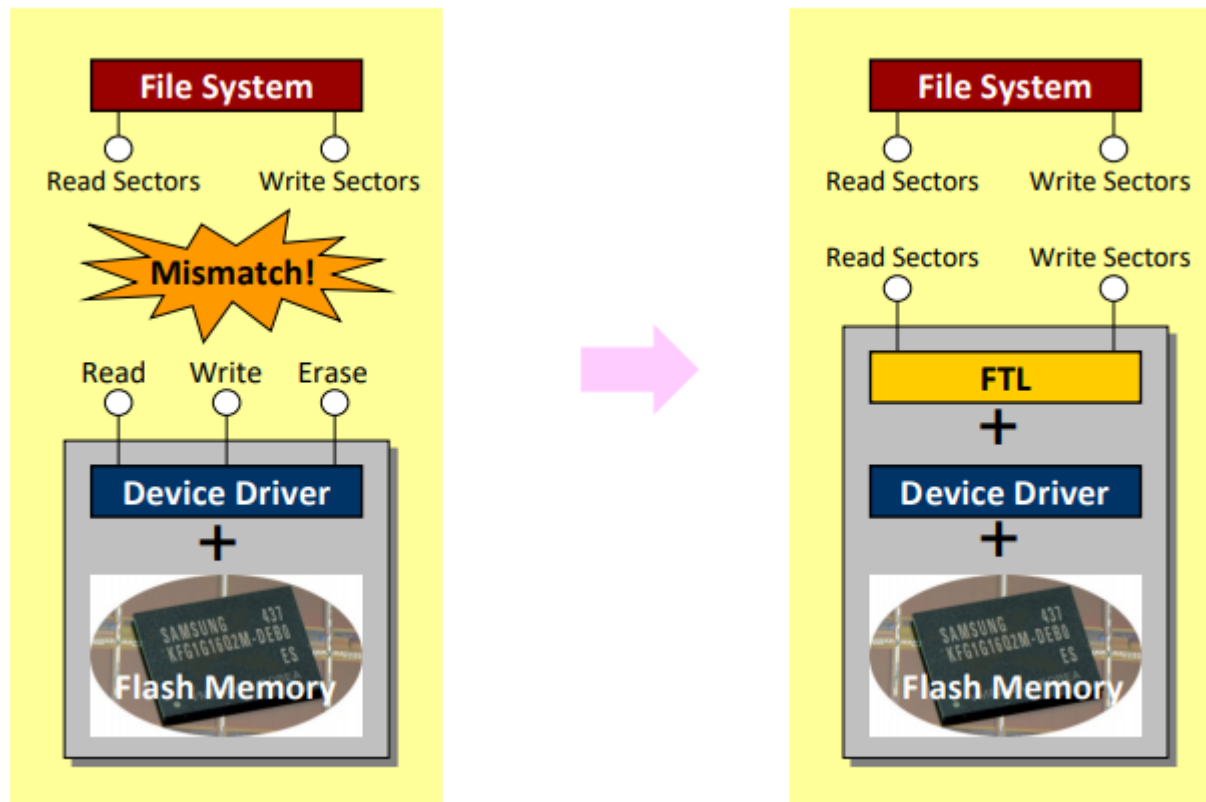
NAND Flash Memory

- Erase-before-write
- Bulk erase
 - Program unit: page
 - Erase unit: block
- Sequential write in a block



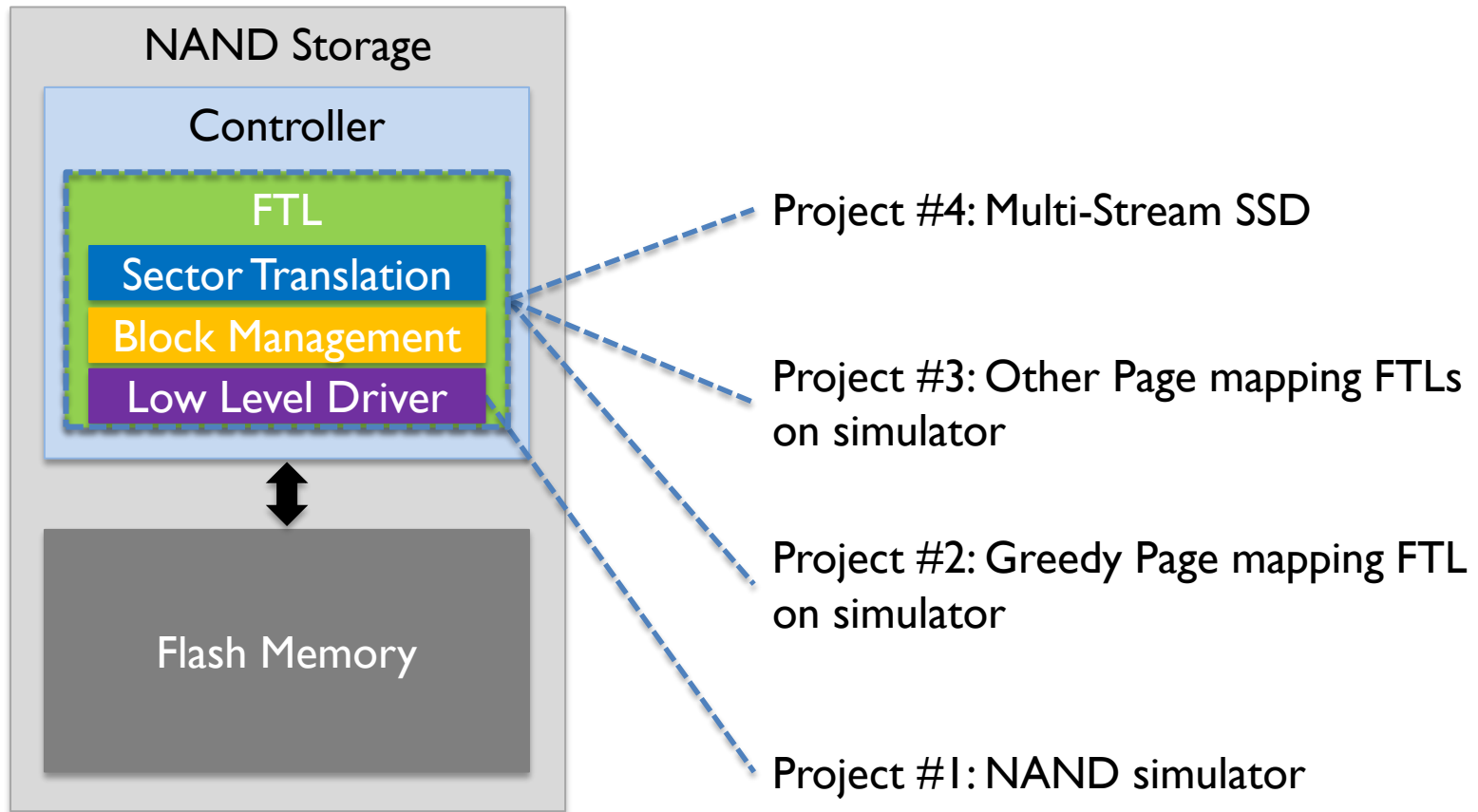
Flash Translation Layer

- A software layer to make NAND flash fully emulate traditional block devices



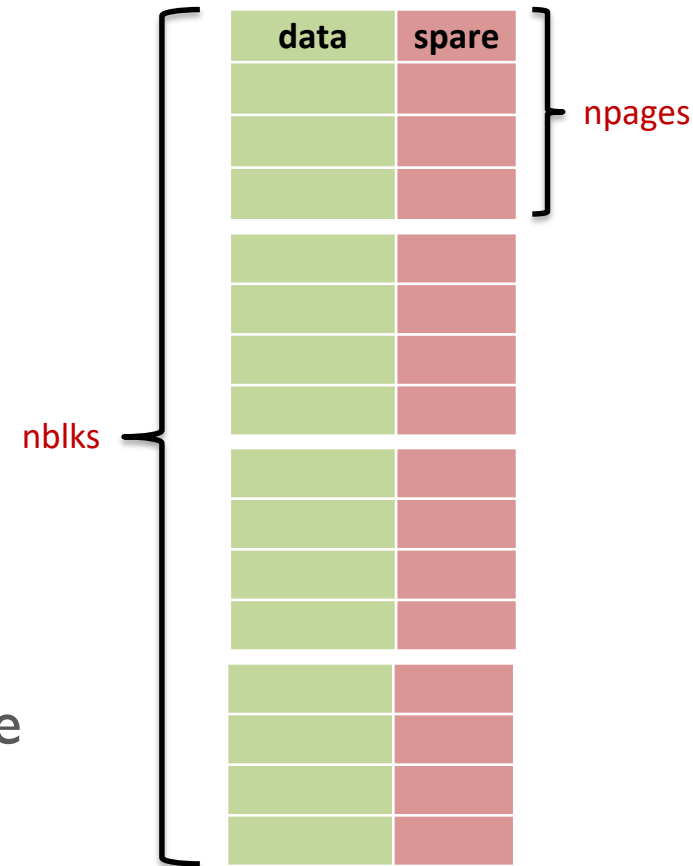
Source: Zeen Info. Tech.

Project Outline (without board)



Project I

- Develop a NAND simulator
 - Simulate NAND flash memory using host DRAM
 - 4B for data / 4B for spare
 - Functions to implement:
 - `nand_init()`
 - `nand_read()`
 - `nand_write()`
 - `nand_erase()`
 - `nand_blkdump()`
 - The skeleton code is available at course homepage



nand_init()

- `nand_init(nblks, npages)`
 - Description
 - Initialize your own NAND flash memory using DRAM
 - Initial state of the flash memory is 'all-blks-erased'
 - If success, print initialized information of the flash memory
 - If not, print appropriate error message (reason for the error)
 - Argument
 - `nblks` : the total # of blocks (should be > 0)
 - `npages` : # of pages per block (should be > 0)
 - Return value
 - Return 0 on success
 - Return -1 on errors

nand_write()

- `nand_write(blk, page, data, spare)`
 - Description
 - Write 'data' and 'spare' to the memory pointed by 'blk' and 'page'
 - If success, print written data and spare
 - If not, print appropriate error message (reason for the error)
 - Argument
 - blk, page : address of the flash memory
 - data, spare : data to store
 - Return value
 - Return 0 on success
 - Return -1 on errors

nand_read()

- `nand_read(blk, page, data, spare)`
 - Description
 - Read 'data' and 'spare' from the memory pointed by 'blk' and 'page'
 - If success, print read data and spare
 - If not, print appropriate error message (reason for the error)
 - Argument
 - `blk, page` : address of the flash memory
 - `data, spare` : data to load
 - Return value
 - Return 0 on success
 - Return -1 on errors

nand_erase()

- nand_erase(*blk*)
 - Description
 - Erase the NAND memory block 'blk'
 - If success, print appropriate message with 'blk'
 - If not, print appropriate error message (reason for the error)
 - Argument
 - blk :Address of the NAND flash memory
 - Return value
 - Return 0 on success
 - Return -1 on errors

nand_blkdump()

- `nand_blkdump(blk)`
 - Description
 - Dump the contents of the flash memory block 'blk' (for debug)
 - If success, print appropriate message with 'blk'
 - If not, print appropriate error message (reason for the error)
 - Argument
 - `blk` :Address of the NAND flash memory
 - Return value
 - Return 0 on success
 - Return -1 on errors

Sample Output

```
sally@dylee:~/nandsim$ ./nandsim
NAND: 8 blocks, 8 pages per block, 64 pages
write(3,0): data = 0x00000000, spare = 0x00000000
write(3,1): data = 0x00000001, spare = 0x00010000
write(3,2): data = 0x00000002, spare = 0x00020000
write(3,3): data = 0x00000003, spare = 0x00030000
write(3,4): data = 0x00000004, spare = 0x00040000
write(3,5): data = 0x00000005, spare = 0x00050000
write(3,6): data = 0x00000006, spare = 0x00060000
write(3,7): data = 0x00000007, spare = 0x00070000
read(3,7): data = 0x00000007, spare = 0x00070000
read(3,6): data = 0x00000006, spare = 0x00060000
read(3,5): data = 0x00000005, spare = 0x00050000
read(3,4): data = 0x00000004, spare = 0x00040000
read(3,3): data = 0x00000003, spare = 0x00030000
read(3,2): data = 0x00000002, spare = 0x00020000
read(3,1): data = 0x00000001, spare = 0x00010000
read(3,0): data = 0x00000000, spare = 0x00000000
write(4,0): data = 0x0000cafe, spare = 0x0000babe
write(4,0): failed, the page was already written
write(4,2): failed, the page is not being sequentially written
read(4,3): failed, trying to read an empty page
read(0,0): failed, trying to read an empty page
read(7,0): failed, trying to read an empty page
erase(3): block erased
erase(4): block erased
erase(0): failed, trying to erase a free block
write(3,0): data = 0x00000000, spare = 0x00000000
write(3,1): data = 0x01000000, spare = 0x00000001
write(3,2): data = 0x02000000, spare = 0x00000002
write(3,3): data = 0x03000000, spare = 0x00000003
write(3,4): data = 0x04000000, spare = 0x00000004
write(3,5): data = 0x05000000, spare = 0x00000005
write(3,6): data = 0x06000000, spare = 0x00000006
```

```
write(3,7): data = 0x07000000, spare = 0x00000007
write(4,0): data = 0x0000bad, spare = 0x00c0ffee
write(4,1): data = 0x0000face, spare = 0x0000b00c
read(3,0): data = 0x00000000, spare = 0x00000000
read(4,0): data = 0x0000bad, spare = 0x00c0ffee
write(4,-1): failed, invalid page number
read(4,-1): failed, invalid page number
write(4,8): failed, invalid page number
read(4,8): failed, invalid page number
write(-1,0): failed, invalid block number
read(-1,0): failed, invalid block number
write(8,0): failed, invalid block number
read(8,0): failed, invalid block number
erase(-1): failed, invalid block number
erase(8): failed, invalid block number
erase(1000008): failed, invalid block number
Blk 0: FREE
Blk 1: FREE
Blk 2: FREE
Blk 3: Total 8 page(s) written
Page 0: data = 0x00000000, spare = 0x00000000
Page 1: data = 0x01000000, spare = 0x00000001
Page 2: data = 0x02000000, spare = 0x00000002
Page 3: data = 0x03000000, spare = 0x00000003
Page 4: data = 0x04000000, spare = 0x00000004
Page 5: data = 0x05000000, spare = 0x00000005
Page 6: data = 0x06000000, spare = 0x00000006
Page 7: data = 0x07000000, spare = 0x00000007
Blk 4: Total 2 page(s) written
Page 0: data = 0x0000bad, spare = 0x00c0ffee
Page 1: data = 0x0000face, spare = 0x0000b00c
Blk 5: FREE
Blk 6: FREE
Blk 7: FREE
```

Miscellaneous

- Recommended environment : Linux (Ubuntu is ok!)
 - You can do it in Windows, but be sure that your work also runs in Linux (I'll score all the works only in Linux)
- Personal Project
- Submit to the e-mail (minwoo.ahn@csl.skku.edu)
 - Your submission status will be noticed in course homepage
- Late penalty : -20 % / day

Any Questions?